

Universal Black hole solutions for all $F(R)$ gravitational theories

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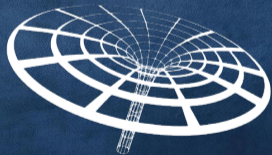
📄 Based on: arXiv: 2411.05634 / <https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.111.044020>



1) Extending GR ! F(R) gravity

$$= \frac{1}{16} \int dx^4 \rho_{-g} R \quad ! \quad \text{General Relativity}$$

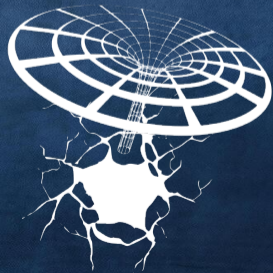
- Orbits X
- Gravitational lensing X
- Gravitational waves X
- Many more... X



1) Extending GR ! F(R) gravity

$$= \frac{1}{16} \int dx^4 \rho - \frac{1}{g} R \quad ! \quad \text{General Relativity}$$

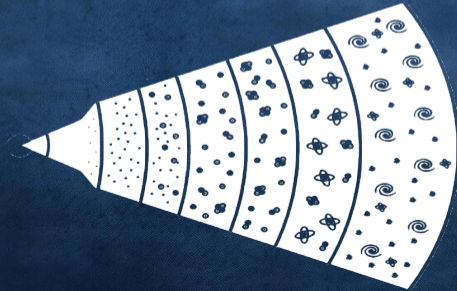
- Orbits X
- Gravitational lensing X
- Gravitational waves X
- Many more... X
- Singularities X
- Dark matter X
- H0 tension X
- Inflation X



1) Extending GR ! F(R) gravity

$$= \frac{1}{16} \int dx^4 \rho - g (R + F(R)) \quad ! \quad F(R) \text{ gravity}$$

Inflation, H0 tension, ...

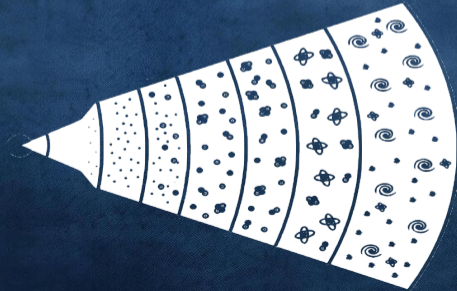


1) Extending GR ! F(R) gravity

$$= \frac{1}{16} \int dx^4 \rho_g (R + F(R)) ! F(R) \text{ gravity}$$

Inflation, H0 tension, ...

Dark matter(?), Dark energy(?), ...



Black hole thermodynamics

QFT curved spacetimes shows that the temperature is ¹

$$T_H = \frac{\kappa}{2\pi} \quad ! \quad = \text{Surface gravity}$$

Going further down the rabbit hole, if there is a temperature then there must(?) be entropy ²

$$S = \frac{1}{8} \int_{\Sigma} d^3x \sqrt{h} \frac{L}{R} \quad ! \quad \begin{aligned} &= \text{Bifurcation surface} \\ &= \text{Binormals to} \end{aligned}$$

¹Hawking, S. W. (1974). "Black hole explosions?". Nature.

²Wald, Robert (2001). "The thermodynamics of black holes". Living Reviews in Relativity.



Quasinormal modes

Regge-Wheeler ! $g = \bar{g} + h$

$$h = e^{i\omega t} \sin \theta P_l(\cos \theta) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & h_0(r) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & h_1(r) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ h_0(r) & h_1(r) & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



(Axial perturbations of the metric)^a

^aRegge, T., Wheeler, J. A. (1957). Stability of a Schwarzschild singularity. Physical Review

"Universal Black hole solutions for all $F(R)$ gravitational theories"

arXiv: 2411.05634



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